

Exercises on t-structures

(1) Let k be a field. Determine all t-structures on $D^b(k\text{-mod})$.

(2) Let \mathcal{T} be a triangulated category and \mathcal{U} a full additive subcategory. The perpendicular \mathcal{U}^\perp ("U perp") is the full additive subcategory of \mathcal{T} whose objects Y satisfy $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{T}}(X, Y) = 0$ for all X in \mathcal{U} . We consider the following conditions:

(a) $\mathcal{U}[\pm 1] \subset \mathcal{U}$

(b) For each distinguished triangle $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow X[1]$ in \mathcal{T} , Y is in \mathcal{U} provided X and Z are in \mathcal{U} .

(c) The inclusion $\mathcal{U} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}$ admits a right adjoint $\mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$, $X \mapsto X_{\mathcal{U}}$.

(d) For each X in \mathcal{T} there exists a distinguished triangle $X_{\mathcal{U}} \rightarrow X \rightarrow X_{\mathcal{U}^\perp} \rightarrow X_{\mathcal{U}}[1]$ with $X_{\mathcal{U}}$ in \mathcal{U} and $X_{\mathcal{U}^\perp}$ in \mathcal{U}^\perp .

Show that (a), (b) and (c) is equivalent to (c) and (d).

Show that $\mathcal{U} \mapsto (\mathcal{U}, \mathcal{U}^\perp[1])$ gives a bijection between \mathcal{U} satisfying the above conditions and the t-structures on \mathcal{T} .

(3) Let $A = kQ$ for $Q = 0 \rightarrow 0, P_1$ simple projective, P_2 projective and injective.

Let $T_1 = \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & P_1 & \rightarrow & 0 & & \\ & & \oplus & & & & \end{array}$ and $T_2 = \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & P_1 & \rightarrow & 0 & & \\ & & \oplus & & & & \end{array}$

$0 \rightarrow P_1 \rightarrow P_2 \rightarrow 0$ $0 \rightarrow P_2 \rightarrow 0$

it satisfies

Check for each complex, which properties of a tilting complex. If it is a tilting complex, determine the corresponding derived equivalence.